

MBTA Status

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Summary

• Purpose of the MBTA pipeline:

- Provide online triggers for Virgo (and LIGO) data quality studies
- Search for HLV coincidences to provide alerts

• News:

- More online plots and checks with the hardware injections
- ◆ Start a software injection pipeline on surrogate data
- Sky localization: first maps
- MBTA Review on-going
 - » Andrea Viceré, Craig Robinson, Emma Robinson, Gabriele Vedovato
 - » https://www.lsc-group.phys.uwm.edu/ligovirgo/cbcnote/MBTApipelineReview

• To do list



More online plots



(Check with double coincidences



(CONDITIONAL CBC H. Injections seen by MBTA

ITF	H1	L1	V1	HL	HLV
MBTA duty cycle	94%	96%	97%	93%	92%
MBTA & ITF locked duty cycle	41%	40%	86%	23%	22%
Injections scheduled	95	87	189	53	49
Injections found	35	25	43	11	5
 Period: July 7 to Sep 18 Number of scheduled injections: 220 Remarks: 					DEST SL.

- Period: July 7 to Sep 18
- Number of scheduled injections: 220
- Remarks:
 - The "MBTA duty cycle" correspond to the full pipeline from the DMT h(t) generation, LIGO to Virgo data transfer, up to the writing of the event on the Virgo files system. It does not take into account the transfer back to LIGO (raw trigger or MBTA alert) and is computed for the lowest mass process.
 - Not all scheduled injections were performed. This effect is not included in this estimation
 - 4 out the 5 triple coincidences were submitted to GraceDB.
 - MBTA SNR threshold is 6.



Hardware Injections



MBTA Status

((O)) Last Month Hardware Injections (H1)



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Software Injections

- Parallel pipeline with surrogate data + software injections
 - ♦ To provide minimal trigger rates
 - ♦ To study pipeline bias, efficiencies
 - Mass distribution uses the Nov-Dec hardware injections set (more BNS)
 - Still preliminary



Software injections on V1



Triple Coincidences: Rate estimation

	July estimate	Typical value	Surrogate data
H1 trigger rate (Hz)	.04	0.15	0.03
L1 trigger rate	0.05	0.1	0.03
V1 trigger rate	0.10	0.1	0.07
H-L coincidence window	± 20ms	± 40ms	
H/L-V coincidence window	± 40ms	± 60ms	
Expected triple coinc./month	1.7	37	

A rough chirp mass test will help reducing the false alarm rate



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Sky localization

- A few CBC hardware injections checked by Larry Price
 - https://www.lsc-group.phys.uwm.edu/ligovirgo/cbcnote/skyloc_with_mbta_s6vsr2

• Exemple: G0688

```
ITF End_time Eff_distance SNRM1M2 Mchirp Chi2FAR[Hz]H1:940147214.9769515.5878.6613.2113.4811.6299.040.0800L1:940147214.9794923.8941.0913.5113.7911.8834.010.1067V1:940147214.9844744.3618.0811.1016.3411.683.340.1667
```

- Sky map:
 - Using time a the reference frequency
- Good start, but need:
 - more statistic ,
 - software injection to confirm
- GraceDB still in development
 - Need the interface with the control rooms
 - » To offer the possibility to veto one event
 - Need to be interfaced to telescope/satellite
 - Development done by UWM + …



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Plans/To do list

- Study the software injections and surrogate data
 - Arrival time bias and resolution for sky localization,
 - Extract the error on the arrival time ?
- Improve the coincidence step: apply chirp mass cut
 - Check trigger rate estimate.
- Compute the triple coincidence equivalent range
 - ◆ To asses the potential of the search at the time of a trigger.
- Alert follow-up
 - Give more information on the ITF status for the submitted triggers,
 - Provide more links to the low latency data quality info,
 - ♦ Alert handling in the control rooms.
- Complete the review
- Start sending alert
- Study adjustable SNR thresholds to keep the trigger rates constant
- More offline systematic studies, especially with ihope comparison