

# Omicron: update Mar. 04, 2016

---



**Related links:**  
[Documentation](#)  
[Technical note](#)

# Omicron: current situation at Cascina

- Omicron installation: `/virgoDev/Omicron/v2r1`  
→ move to `/virgoApp`?
- Omicron triggers: `/data/procdata/detchar/triggers/Omicron/`
- Omicron web area: `/data/procdata/web/Omicron`

Documentation to use Omicron at Cascina

## Next release v2r2 in preparation

- Dynamic PSD estimation
- New timing structure
- New data product: whitened data
- Further optimization: real-to-complex FFTs, reduce the number of data containers

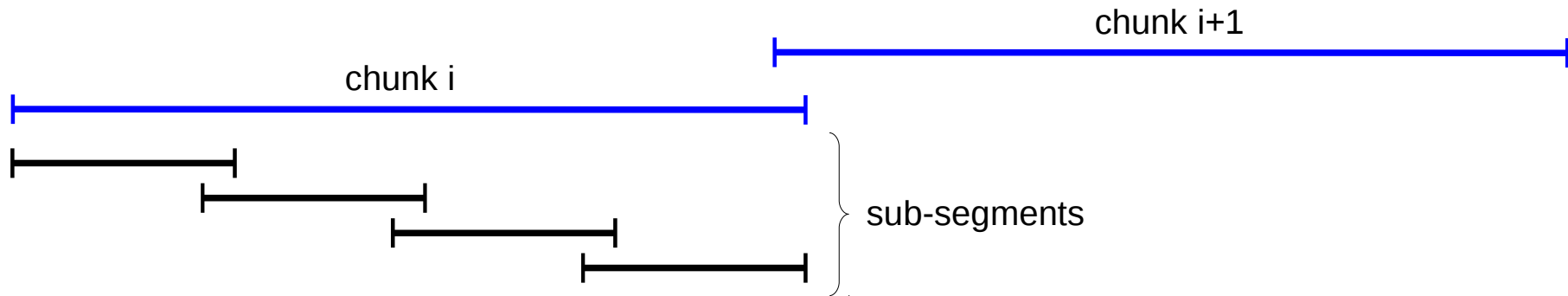
## Joint LIGO-Virgo developments

- New convention for trigger directory and file naming
- Improve error handles
- More control on the output
- Effort to move toward the native ROOT format

# Omicron: PSD estimation (& timing structure)

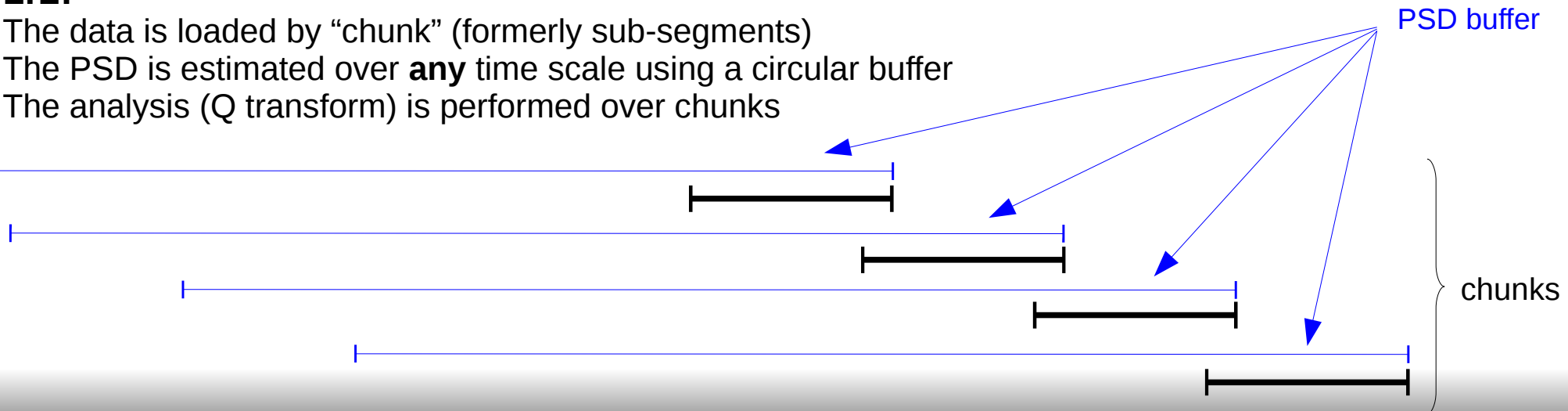
## v2r1:

- The data is loaded by “chunk”
- The PSD is estimated over 1 chunk
- The analysis (Q transform) is performed over sub-segments



## v2r2:

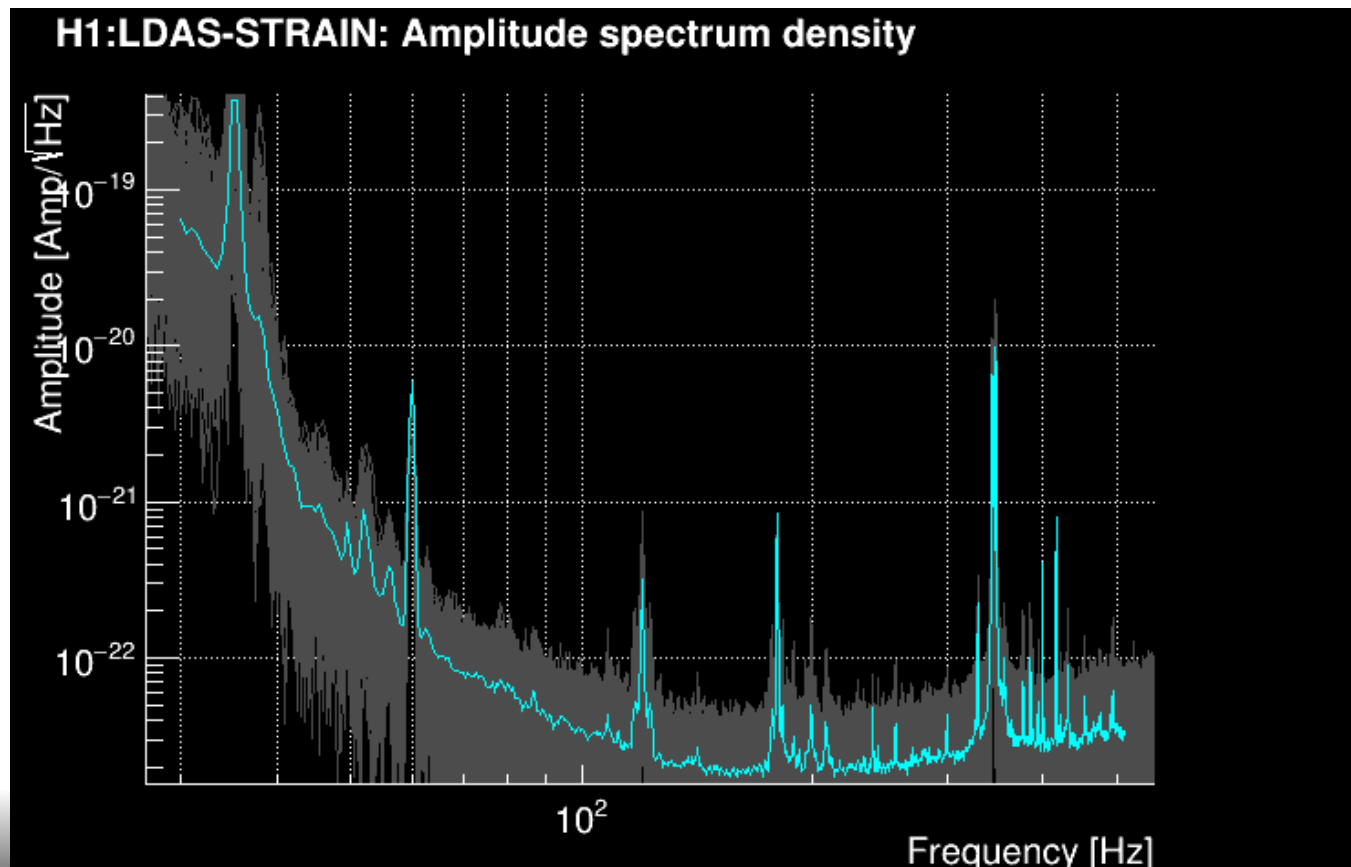
- The data is loaded by “chunk” (formerly sub-segments)
- The PSD is estimated over **any** time scale using a circular buffer
- The analysis (Q transform) is performed over chunks



# Omicron: PSD estimation (& timing structure)

When a data chunk is loaded:

- 1) new PSDs are computed with the newly-loaded data vector
- 2) they are added to a circular buffer of PSDs (of size PSDLENGTH)
- 3) all the PSDs in the buffer are averaged to whiten the data chunk



New set of Omicron options to describe the timing structure

## **v2r1:**

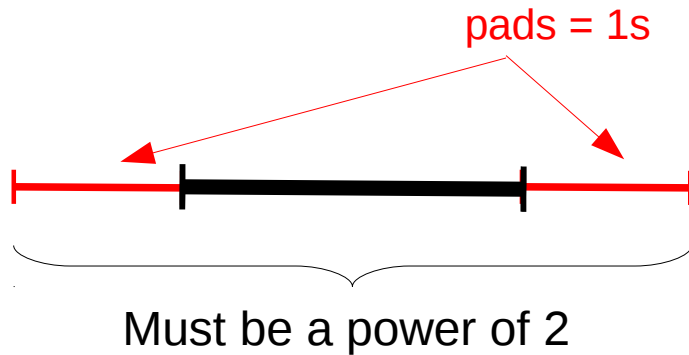
PARAMETER	CHUNKDURATION	304
PARAMETER	SEGMENTDURATION	64
PARAMETER	OVERLAPDURATION	4

## **v2r2:**

PARAMETER	TIMING	64	4
PARAMETER	PSDLENGTH	304	

# Omicron: consequences for the online search

For the online trigger production, we want to work with chunks which are as short as possible.  
Minimum chunk duration = 4s



→ Latency > 4s

2 internal Omicron constraints:

$$f \geq 50 \frac{Q}{2\pi T} \quad \text{and} \quad Q \geq \sqrt{11}$$

→ Cannot work below 8 Hz with 4s chunks

32s chunks → > 1Hz

512s chunks → > 0.1

## H1:LDAS-STRAIN [click here to expand/hide]

### Processing:

Number of calls [load/data/condition/projection/write]: 3/3/3/3/3

Processed livetime: 756 sec (99.474%) → 0.009 days

Processed segments: [omicron\\_segments.txt](#)

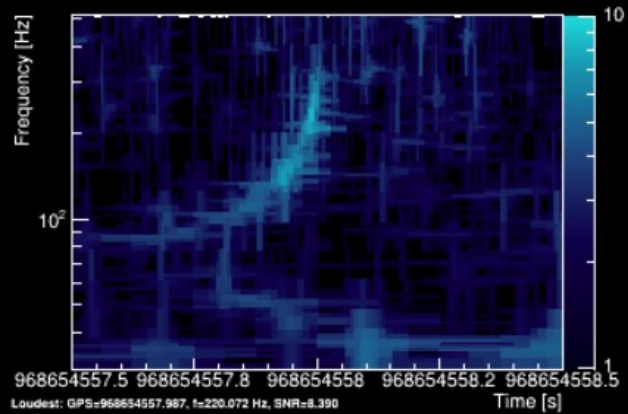
### Plots:

968654306: [Full map](#) [mapQ=5.1](#) [mapQ=11.9](#) [mapQ=27.9](#) [mapQ=65.3](#) [ASD](#) [PSD](#) [Conditionned time series](#) [Whitened time series](#) [Triggers](#)

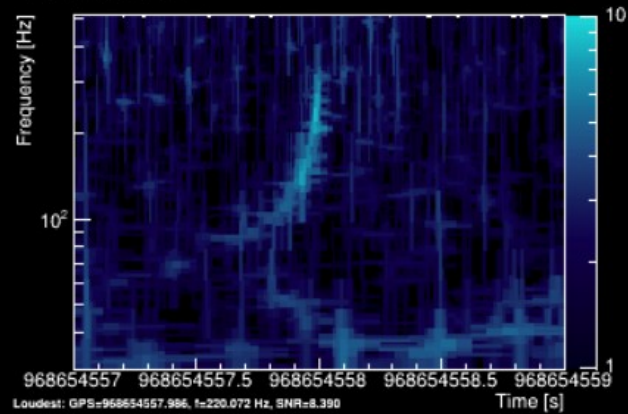
968654558: [Full map](#) [mapQ=5.1](#) [mapQ=11.9](#) [mapQ=27.9](#) [mapQ=65.3](#) [ASD](#) [PSD](#) [Conditionned time series](#) [Whitened time series](#) [Triggers](#)

968654810: [Full map](#) [mapQ=5.1](#) [mapQ=11.9](#) [mapQ=27.9](#) [mapQ=65.3](#) [ASD](#) [PSD](#) [Conditionned time series](#) [Whitened time series](#) [Triggers](#)

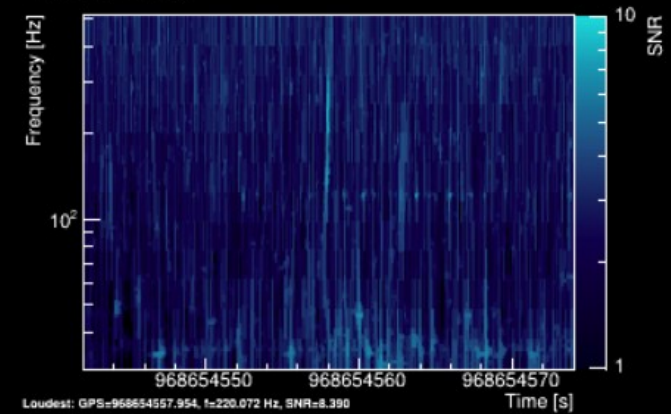
H1:LDAS-STRAIN



H1:LDAS-STRAIN



H1:LDAS-STRAIN



Any suggestion of improvement?



For efficiency reasons, Omicron processes are also used to generate veto segments associated to triggers (while triggers are still in memory).

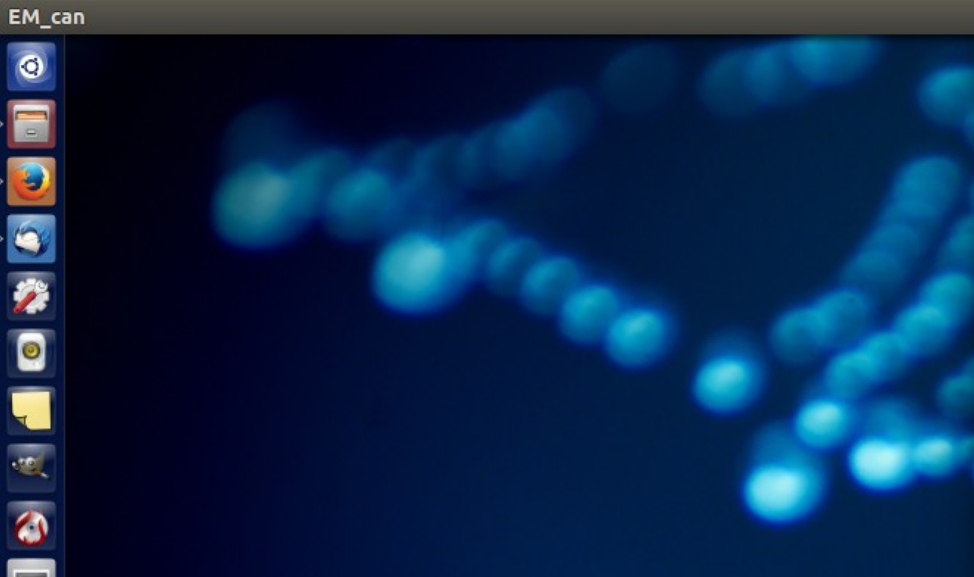
A specific function, `Omicron::GetTriggerSegments (TH1D *aThr=NULL)`, was developed for that purpose:

- Triggers are selected using a threshold object given in argument. The threshold is a function of the trigger frequency and is applied to the trigger SNR.
- The function returns a list of time segments corresponding to the start/stop of a set of selected Omicron triggers

UPV was designed to produce threshold files compatible with this approach.

→ UPV vetoes will be produced with low latency.

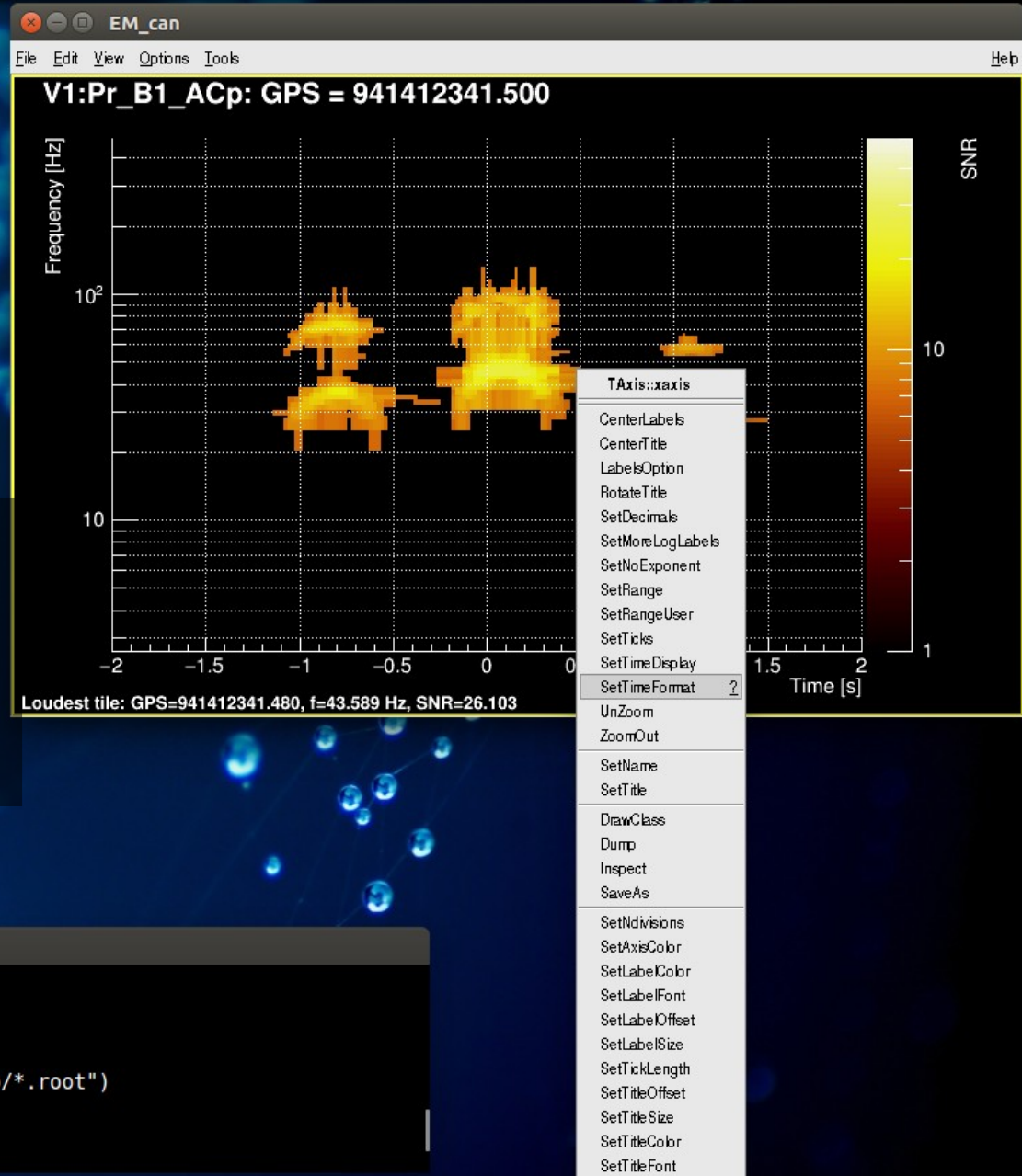
# Omicron: interactive trigger plotting



Omicron triggers can be displayed using root.

The EventMap class offers many functions: multi-channel, zoom, resolution, normalization, animation...

Plan to make a more user-friendly interface



- Discussion with Duncan M. at Pasadena: joint LIGO-Virgo developments
- Omicron trigger interactive display
- Technical note
- Any ideas? requests?